Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate¹ and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work² involving musculoskeletal disorders³ by selected parts of body, California, 2000

			Median		Relative
	Part of body	Number	days away	Incidence	standard
			from work	rate	error
Total		56,615	10	54.3	2.9
0	Head				
03	Face				
032	Eye(s)				
1	Neck, Including Throat	884	19	0.9	10.7
10	Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders	884	19	0.9	10.7
2	Trunk	36,883	9	35.4	3.1
20	Trunk, unspecified	166	7	0.2	24.0
21	Shoulder, including clavicle, scapula	4,246	15	4.1	5.4
22	Chest, including ribs, internal organs	213	2	0.2	21.3
220	Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders	213	2	0.2	21.3
23	Back, including spine, spinal cord	27,731	7	26.6	3.2
230	Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	12,037	8	11.5	3.8
231	Lumbar region	12,721	7	12.2	3.8
232	Thoracic region	1,337	6	1.3	8.8
234	Coccygeal region				
238	Multiple back regions	1,636	5	1.6	8.1
24	Abdomen	2,332	20	2.2	6.9
240	Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	324	10	0.3	17.3
241	Internal abdominal location, unspecified	1,601	21	1.5	8.1
245	Intestines, peritoneum	407	22	0.4	15.5
2450	Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified	407	22	0.4	15.5
25	Pelvic region	1,107	20	1.1	9.6
250	Pelvic region, unspecified				
251	Hip(s)	67	25	0.1	37.8
252	Pelvis				
253	Buttock(s)				
254	Groin	872	24	8.0	10.8
255	External reproductive tract structures				
2550	External reproductive tract structures, unspecified				
258	Multiple pelvic region locations	132	5	0.1	26.9
28	Multiple trunk locations	1,073	8	1.0	9.8
29	Trunk, n.e.c.				
3	Upper extremities	10,570	20	10.1	4.0
30	Upper extremities, unspecified	287	39	0.3	18.4
31	Arm(s)	2,204	17	2.1	7.1
310	Arm(s), unspecified	565	15	0.5	13.2
311	Upper arm(s)	372	6	0.4	16.2
312	Elbow(s)	967	25	0.9	10.2
313	Forearm(s)	196	4	0.2	22.2
318	Multiple arm(s) locations	105	15	0.1	30.2
32	Wrist(s)	5,583	21	5.4	4.9
33	Hand(s), except finger(s)	541	11	0.5	13.5
34 38	Finger(s), fingernail(s) Multiple upper extremities locations	1,039 916	12 28	1.0 0.9	9.9 10.5
381	Multiple upper extremities locations Hand(s) and finger(s)	910	28	0.9	10.5
382	Hand(s) and wrist(s)	207	13	0.2	21.6
383	Hand(s) and arm(s)	207	13	0.2	∠1.0
389	Multiple upper extremities locations, n.e.c.	623	28	0.6	12.6
4	Lower extremities	5,575	8	5.3	4.9
41	Leg(s)	2,728			
I T '	F08(0)	2,120	13	2.0	0.5

Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate¹ and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work² involving musculoskeletal disorders³ by selected parts of body, California, 2000

	Part of body	Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Relative standard error
410	Leg(s), unspecified	243	10	0.2	19.9
411	Thigh(s)				
412	Knee(s)	2,229	20	2.1	7.0
413	Lower leg(s)	189	3	0.2	22.6
418	Multiple leg(s) locations	60	4	0.1	39.7
42	Ankle(s)	2,632	5	2.5	6.6
43	Foot(feet), except toe(s)	137	7	0.1	26.4
430	Foot(feet), except toe(s), unspecified	128	7	0.1	27.4
432	Sole(s)				
4323	Heel(s)				
439	Foot(feet), n.e.c.				
48	Multiple lower extremities locations	79	4	0.1	34.7
480	Multiple lower extremities locations, unspecified				
482	Foot(feet) and ankle(s)				
489	Multiple lower extremities locations, n.e.c.				
8	Multiple Body Parts	2,586	10	2.5	6.6
9	Other Body Parts	91	22	0.1	32.4
99	Other body parts, n.e.c.	91	22	0.1	32.4
999	Other body parts, n.e.c.	91	22	0.1	32.4
9999	Nonclassifiable	91	22	0.1	32.4

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, July 08, 2003

² Days away from work include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

³ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.